



استان:

کارشناسی (سنتی)

نیمسال اول ۸۹-۸۸

نام درس: متون جغرافیا به زبان خارجه (۲) - متون تخصصی ۲
 رشته تحصیلی و کُد درس: جغرافیای انسانی، شهری، طبیعی، روستایی ۱۲۱۲۰۰۷ - برنامه ریزی شهری ۱۲۱۲۰۰۳
 تعداد سؤالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: ۵
 زمان آزمون: تستی: ۴۰ تشریحی: ۴۰ دقیقه
 آزمون نمره منفی دارد ○ ندارد ⊗
 کُد سری سؤال: یک (۱) — استفاده از: مجاز است.

امام علی^(ع): برتری مردم به یکدیگر، به دانش‌ها و خردهاست؛ نه به ثروت‌ها و تبارها.

Directions: Choose the best choice (a, b, c or d) and mark it on your answer sheet.

- The census indicated that the growth rate had declined. "Indicates" means
 a. hid b. changed c. showed d. disappeared
- Certainly numerous governments are making efforts to encourage family planning. "Numerous" means
 a. few b. little c. many d. some
- Her salary is 300,000 Tomans with an increment of 8 percent each year. "Increment" means
 a. increase b. decrease c. decline d. explosion
- Population is usually the result of a noticeable decrease in the death rate and also an increase in the birth rate.
 a. rate b. explosion c. decline d. stability
- Iran's population growth has in recent years.
 a. slow down b. slows down c. down slow d. slowed down
- The birthrate and the death rate are commonly expressed by the number of individuals per
 a. hundred b. thousand c. million d. century
- A certain part of the brain is responsible for judging the relationship between objects. It is concerned with spaces.
 a. spatial b. special c. especial d. internal
- A sudden outbreak of a large number of cases of an infectious disease is called
 a. rare b. native c. epidemic d. demographic



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9. Political conditions have generated large-scale migrations. "Generated" means
 a. prevented b. caused c. varied d. decreased
10. An event that causes great harm or damage is called a
 a. happiness b. marriage c. catalyst d. disaster
11. Nomads do not have fixed They do not have fixed place to live so they move from place to place.
 a. abodes b. bodies c. babies d. children
12. A person who enters another country to settle is called a(n)
 a. guide b. patient c. customer d. immigrant
13. The and recording of information from high above the earth is known as remote sensing.
 a. acquire b. acquisitive c. acquisitively d. acquisition
14. Only the hope that rescuers were getting nearer sustained the trapped miners. "Sustained" means
 a. kept dead b. kept alive c. diffused d. speculated
15. The living mantle of plants which covers much of the land surface forming an important aspect of physical environment is called
 a. stagnation b. vegetation c. explanation d. consideration
16. Aztec people dozens of crops, some of which are used by millions of people today.
 a. domestic b. domestically c. domesticated d. domestication
17. Here several skills are needed to transform a manuscript into a finished book. "Transform" means
 a. change b. reduce c. deepen d. enlarge



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18. The president's speech impelled the nation to take more active part in the reconstruction of the damaged areas. "Impelled" means

- a. urged b. faced c. fixed d. stopped

19. The has had a strong negative effect on job opportunities.

- a. decentralize b. decentralizes c. decentralized d. decentralization

20. Capital includes three elements: land, labor, and

- a. planning b. food c. money d. energy

21. The American government's attempts to the productions of atomic bombs were not successful.

- a. monopoly b. monopolist c. monopolize d. monopolistic

22. Tokyo is a great Asian

- a. town b. village c. palace d. metropolis

23. A large building with apartments or rooms let to a number of families at low rents is called a(n)

- a. slum b. tenement c. hamlet d. shantytown

24. The Appalachian Mountains and the Rocky mountains are in the east and in the west of North America, respectively. "Respectively" in Farsi is

- a. بااحترام b. اگرچه c. به ترتیب d. باعجله

25. The designer prepared a layout for the new building. "Layout" in Farsi is

- a. نقشه b. ستون c. سقف d. مصالح



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26. The word "negro" means 'black-skinned person', but because of its offensive connotation, black people avoid it. "Connotation" in Farsi is

- a. اصطلاح b. معنی دقیق c. معنی ضمنی d. اصطلاح غلط

27. A governor is responsible for the affairs of a municipality. "Municipality" in Farsi is

- a. شهر بازی b. شهرداری c. زندان d. بیمارستان

28. The government has stopped subsidizing some goods. "Subsidizing" in Farsi is

- a. محدود کردن b. مالیات گرفتن c. توزیع کردن d. یارانه دادن

29. Disease prevention through vaccination introduced a new era in public health. "Prevention" in Farsi is

- a. پیشگیری b. معالجه c. جراحی d. ترمیم

30. There are a lot of employment opportunities there. "Opportunity" in Farsi is

- a. قناعت b. فرصت c. سرعت d. بیکاری

B. Translate the sentences into Persian. (بارم هر سؤال ۱ نمره)

جمله‌های زیر را به فارسی ترجمه کنید.

- A serious earthquake is always followed by a brief exodus of people who fear that the worst is yet to come.
- The Middle East, both in North Africa and Southwest Asia, was another region of plant domestication.
- The beginning of farming dates back twelve thousand years, perhaps less. Even today some societies survive much as they did before agriculture was developed.
- In the towns and villages of India, workshops produced metal goods of iron, gold, and silver. India's carpenters were artists as well as crafts people.
- People migrate from rural areas to urban areas with expectations of a better life, particularly in the under developed countries.