

سری سوال: یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): ۷۵ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: متون حقوقی ۲ زبان خارجی تخصصی

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: حقوق ۱۲۱۲۱۷۸

**Vocabulary: choose the best synonym for the underlined words and mark it on your answer sheet.**

۱- معادل انگلیسی واژه ی قابل مجازات کدام گزینه است؟

- malicious .۱      applicable .۲      durable .۳      punishable .۴

۲- معادل انگلیسی واژه ی خشونت کدام گزینه است؟

- fear .۱      assault .۲      violence .۳      harm .۴

۳- معادل انگلیسی واژه ی بازدارندگی کدام گزینه است؟

- approach .۱      punishment .۲      deterrence .۳      rehabilitation .۴

4-What word is **DIFFERENT** from others?

1. murder      2. homicide      3. manslaughter      4. robbery

5-The word **penalty** could best be replaced by which of the following words?

1. actus rea      2. mens rea      3. punishment      4. insanity

6-Which word is **DIFFERENT** from others?

1. manslaughter      2. wounding  
3. criminal damage      4. bodily harm

7-What word is **DIFFERENT** from others?

1. steal      2. theft      3. rape      4. robbery

**Fill in the Blanks: choose the best answer to fill in each blank space and mark it on your answer sheet.**

8-For liability to arise , the defendant must have ..... the *actus reus* while, at the same time, having formed the *mens rea*.

1. considered      2. established      3. committed      4. created

9-Children under 10 years of age are called .....

1. youngs      2. minors      3. criminals      4. olds

10-..... is placing another in fear of immediate and unlawful personal violence.

1. Battery      2. Assault      3. Robbery      4. Burglary

سری سوال: یک

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): ۷۵ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: متون حقوقی ۲ زبان خارجی تخصصی

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: حقوق ۱۲۱۲۱۷۸

11-..... is the application of unlawful personal violence on another.

- |                |            |
|----------------|------------|
| 1. Assault     | 2. Battery |
| 3. Bodily harm | 4. Suicide |

12-A ..... is someone who enters the building or part of a building without permission or authority.

- |           |           |               |           |
|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| 1. robber | 2. killer | 3. trespasser | 4. murder |
|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|

13-Entering to a building or part of a building as a trespasser is the *actus reus* of .....

- |             |                    |
|-------------|--------------------|
| 1. theft    | 2. robbery         |
| 3. burglary | 4. criminal damage |

14-The dishonest appropriation of property belonging to another with an intention to permanently deprive the other of it is .....

- |             |                                    |
|-------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. theft    | 2. robbery                         |
| 3. burglary | 4. obtaining property by deception |

15-A(n) ..... is deliberate where the deceiver knows his representation is false and that the other person will or may believe it is true.

- |         |              |          |             |
|---------|--------------|----------|-------------|
| 1. harm | 2. deception | 3. arson | 4. violence |
|---------|--------------|----------|-------------|

16-..... means to instigate the commission of a crime through advice, encouragement, persuasion or compulsion.

- |               |               |                  |            |
|---------------|---------------|------------------|------------|
| 1. Conspiracy | 2. Incitement | 3. Participation | 4. Attempt |
|---------------|---------------|------------------|------------|

17-Those who commit the *actus reus* of an offence are referred to as the .....

- |                        |                        |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. abettors            | 2. principal offenders |
| 3. secondary offenders | 4. counsellors         |

18-A person may have a defence where they can show they were forced to commit the crime because of threats made to them by another person. *Defence* refers to.....

- |                 |             |           |              |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| 1. intoxication | 2. insanity | 3. duress | 4. necessity |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|

19-*Appropriation* is any ..... of the rights of an owner.

- |             |              |               |              |
|-------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. argument | 2. inclusion | 3. assumption | 4. intention |
|-------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|

20-The concept of ..... applies where a criminal act directed one person or item of property results, in fact, in injury, loss or damage to another person or item of property.

- |                       |                    |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. mens rea           | 2. public interest |
| 3. transferred malice | 4. recklessness    |

سری سوال: یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۷۵ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: متون حقوقی ۲ زبان خارجی تخصصی

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: حقوق ۱۲۱۲۱۷۸

21-The defendant argues that at the time of committing the *actus reus* he had no conscious, voluntary control over his actions—he was acting as an .....

1. responsible                      2. conscious                      3. automaton                      4. offender

22-..... is designed to cover those situations where, because of some mental infirmity, the defendant should not be held responsible for their actions.

1. Mistake                      2. Intoxication                      3. Insanity                      4. Incapacity

**Persian equivalents: choose the best Persian equivalent for the underlined words and mark it on your answer sheet.**

23-What is the meaning of imprisonment in criminal law ?

1. مسئولیت                      2. محکومیت                      3. حبس                      4. ارزیابی

24-What is the meaning of arson?

1. معافیت                      2. تخریب زدایی                      3. سوء نیت                      4. حریق عمدی

25-What is the meaning of participation?

1. مشارکت                      2. معاونت                      3. تبانی                      4. تحریک کردن

26-What is the meaning of victim?

1. قربانی                      2. مسئولیت                      3. حریق                      4. فریب

27-What is the meaning of acquittal?

1. حکم ویژه                      2. تحریک                      3. توافق                      4. تبرئه

28-What is the meaning of manslaughter in criminal law?

1. تخریب کیفری                      2. قتل شبه عمد                      3. تهدید به حمله                      4. ایراد صدمه جسمانی

29-What is the meaning of malicious in criminal law?

1. قابل کیفر                      2. توأم با سوء نیت                      3. بحث انگیز                      4. حبس ابد

30-What is the meaning of revenge in law?

1. متهم                      2. انتقام                      3. کیفر                      4. صدمه

رقم السؤال	الف	ب	ج	د	الاجابة الصحيحة	وضعية كليلد
١				X	د	عادي
٢			X		ج	عادي
٣		X			ج	عادي
٤				X	د	عادي
٥	X				ج	عادي
٦			X		ج	عادي
٧			X		ج	عادي
٨				X	ج	عادي
٩		X			ب	عادي
١٠			X		ب	عادي
١١	X				ب	عادي
١٢				X	ج	عادي
١٣	X				ج	عادي
١٤				X	الفرد	عادي
١٥			X		ب	عادي
١٦			X		ب	عادي
١٧			X		ب	عادي
١٨					ج	عادي
١٩	X				ج	عادي
٢٠			X		ج	عادي
٢١	X				ج	عادي
٢٢			X		ج	عادي
٢٣		X			ج	عادي
٢٤	X				ج، د	عادي
٢٥				X	ب	عادي
٢٦	X				الفرد	عادي
٢٧		X			ج، د	عادي
٢٨			X		ب	عادي
٢٩		X			ب	عادي
٣٠			X		ب	عادي