

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: —

نام درس: نظریات فراگیری زبان

زمان آزمون: تستی: ۶۰ تشریحی: — دقیقه

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: آموزش زبان انگلیسی (۱۲۲۵۰۹۵)

آزمون نمره منفی دارد ندارد

منبع: Language and Mind

نوام چامسکی

مجاز است.

استفاده از: —

کد سری سوال: یک (۱)

پیامبر اعظم (ص): روزه سیر آتش جهنم است.

- Grammar is the grammar of all possible human languages.
 - General
 - Universal
 - Descriptive
 - Humanistic
- One of the latest developments in Chomsky's linguistics is program.
 - Maximal
 - Minimalist
 - Minimalized
 - Minimal
- Saussure at the beginning of the twentieth century talked about.....
 - competence
 - performance
 - langue
 - grammar
- The concept ofin Chomsky's theory refers to one's knowledge of language.
 - langue
 - performance
 - parole
 - competence
-grammar was to show the regularity and unboundedness of natural language syntax.
 - Generative
 - Mental
 - Perfect
 - Expressive
- In Chomsky's theory adequacy describes the linguistic facts that adult speakers know.
 - grammar
 - descriptive
 - syntax
 - explanatory
- Universal Grammar includes a set of and parameters.
 - regulations
 - principles
 - standards
 - rules
- In order to make questions, some languages have overt movements, while others have ones.
 - mandal
 - clear
 - external
 - covert
- In the question: whom did you meet? Which item has moved?
 - did
 - you
 - whom
 - meet
- In the sentence " I see him everyday " which item is the easiest item for movement?
 - subject
 - verb
 - adverb
 - object
- In English, what is the basic word order?
 - verb – subject – object
 - subject – verb – object
 - verb – object – object
 - object – verb – subject
- are mostly two – choice options which divide languages into two groups.
 - Principles
 - Rules
 - Parameters
 - Expressions

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: —

نام درس: نظریات فراگیری زبان

زمان آزمون: تستی: ۶۰ تشریحی: — دقیقه

رشته تحصیلی/ کد درس: آموزش زبان انگلیسی (۱۲۲۵۰۹۵)

آزمون نمره منفی دارد ندارد

منبع: Language and Mind

نوام چامسکی

مجاز است.

استفاده از: —

کُد سری سوال: یک (۱)

13. The properties of human language and its apparent biological isolation motivated when he turned his attention to human evolution.

- a. Darwin b. Newton c. Chomsky d. Einstein

14. From the four sciences mentioned below, language is closest to

- a. physics b. psychology c. chemistry d. biology

15. Which of the following sentences is an example of passive construction?

- a. John got the bird. b. The bird received the food.
c. John was shot yesterday. d. The food was not enough for the bird.

16. talked about the relationship between language and culture.

- a. Sapir b. Chomsky c. Saussure d. Galileo

17. The number of possible sentences that can be made in a human language is

- a. infinite b. easy to count c. finite d. hard to count

18. The area of linguistics which works on meaning is called

- a. syntax b. Lexicon c. semantics d. Pragmatics

19. Universal Grammar is basically dealing with constraints on human language.

- a. pragmatic b. syntactic c. lexical d. semantic

20. Which of the following scholars worked on animals to find out about human behavior?

- a. Spir b. Chomsky c. Skinner d. Saussure

21. In Chomsky's early theory, the faculty of mind which was responsible for language acquisition was called

- a. TEFL b. ELT c. TESOL d. LAD

22. In the sentence: " It is raining hard ", which item is called expletive?

- a. raining b. is c. hard d. It

23. The area of linguistics which deals with how words are made of different parts like roots and affixes is called

- a. semantics b. syntax c. phonology d. morphology

نام درس: نظریات فراگیری زبان

رشته تحصیلی / کد درس: آموزش زبان انگلیسی (۱۲۲۵۰۹۵)

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: —

زمان آزمون: تستی: ۶۰ تشریحی: — دقیقه

آزمون نمره منفی دارد ندارد

منبع: Language and Mind

نوام چامسکی

مجاز است.

استفاده از: —

کد سری سوال: یک (۱)

24. In the sentence: "John like – his friend." the problem is with subject – verb
a. agreement b. match c. correspondence d. similarity
25. The language which is used among friends is
a. with many complex sentences b. informal
c. non-standard d. formal
26. The area of linguistics that deals with the issue of how language is used in different settings is called
a. semantics b. pragmatics c. phonology d. syntax
27. Which of the following scholars is well-discussed in the book as the most influential scientist in linguistics?
a. Chomsky b. Sapir c. Skinner d. Newton
28. In , we discuss how sounds are made and connected to each other to make words.
a. lexicon b. morphology c. semantics d. phonology
29. When we think, we are actually speaking to ourselves. This is called speech.
a. external b. overt c. inner d. covert
30. A rule which is followed by all human languages is called
a. re0gulation b. program c. principle d. commonality