



تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: —

نام درس: اصول و روش تحقیق (۱)

زمان آزمون: تستی: ۵۰ تشریحی: — دقیقه

رشته تحصیلی و کد درس: مترجمی زبان - (۱۲۱۲۰۸۳) - ادبیات انگلیسی - (۱۲۱۲۱۲۶)

آزمون نمره منفی دارد ○ ندارد ⊗

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مجاز نیست.

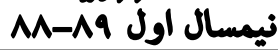
استفاده از: فرهنگ لغات

کد سری سؤال: یک (۱)

امام علی<sup>(ع)</sup>: برتری مردم به یکدیگر، به دانش‌ها و خردهاست؛ نه به ثروت‌ها و تبارها.

Select, a, b, c, or d which best completes each test item.

- The main criticism against using sensory experience as a source of information is its .....  
a. Availability      b. Accumulation      c. Dependability      d. Sensitivity
- Observing detailed facts and putting the facts together to draw a conclusion is a/ an ..... approach.  
a. Deductive      b. Scientific      c. Verification      d. Inductive
- If a researcher intends to investigate the best time for learning vocabulary, s/he would probably formulate a/ an ..... question.  
a. Correlational      b. Cause- effect      c. Directional      d. Descriptive
- Experimentation basically follows a/ an ..... question.  
a. Historical      b. Cause- effect      c. Descriptive      d. Correlational
- A hypothesis is supposed to be a " tentative " statement which implies .....  
a. A causal relationship      b. Being factual      c. Uncertainty in nature      d. its format
- The choice between a directional / non- directional hypothesis by the researcher depends on .....  
a. Manageability      b. The researcher's interest  
c. Researcher's expectation      d. Research method
- If a researcher is capable of predicting a certain relationship between variables, s/he formulates a ..... hypothesis.  
a. Directional      b. Non- directional      c. Null      d. Mixed



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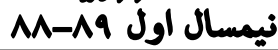
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## استفاده از: فرهنگ لغات

کُد سری سؤال: یک (۱)

8. In review of literature section of the research, the term " literature " implies related .....
  - a. Reports and documents
  - b. Procedure of the research
  - c. Scales of measurement
  - d. Literary materials
9. Supporters of logical positivism in research basically emphasize .....
  - a. Verifiability
  - b. Generalizability
  - c. Validity
  - d. Practicality
10. The requirement that researchers should report details of their research precisely increases research .....
  - a. Systematicity
  - b. Replicability
  - c. Prediction
  - d. Authenticity
11. The final step in conducting a research is .....
  - a. Validation of results
  - b. Generalization of findings
  - c. Research design
  - d. Hypothesis testing
12. To formulate a research question, a researcher should consider .....
  - a. Needed facilities
  - b. Limitation of variables
  - c. Its effectiveness
  - d. Its correlation
13. Selecting an appropriate type of a research question depends on the .....
  - a. Type of research hypothesis
  - b. Factors involved in research question
  - c. Sources available to the researcher
  - d. Styles of research
14. Identifying the limitations and delimitations of previous research is basically obtained by .....
  - a. Researchers intuition
  - b. Consulting practitioners
  - c. Reviewing the literature
  - d. Selecting an appropriate method



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## استفاده از: فرهنگ لغات

کُد سری سؤال: یک (۱)

15. The operational definition of a variable refer to its .....
  - a. Theoretical framework
  - b. Function
  - c. Measurement features
  - d. Identifying format
16. Of all measurement scales, the ..... scales contain more pieces of information.
  - a. Nominal
  - b. Ratio
  - c. Interval
  - d. Ordinal
17. The most objective scale of measurement in research is .....
  - a. Nominal
  - b. Ordinal
  - c. Interval
  - d. Continuous
18. The variable that can be controlled and manipulated by the researcher is called .....
  - a. Dependent
  - b. Independent
  - c. Moderator
  - d. Intervening
19. If a researcher investigates the effect of age on reading comprehension, a moderator variable can be .....
  - a. Background
  - b. Age
  - c. Reading comprehension
  - d. Learning theories
20. The question of "external criticism" in a historical research relates to .....
  - a. Authenticity of materials
  - b. Truthfulness of materials
  - c. Generalization
  - d. Validity threats
21. Documenting an author's name as "Brown, D. (2009) ..." is consistent with ..... Style in research.
  - a. MLA
  - b. FLA
  - c. APA
  - d. LAD
22. Variables of all-or-nothing nature are referred to as .....variables.
  - a. Continuous
  - b. Concrete
  - c. Discrete
  - d. Abstract

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آزمون نمره منفی دارد ○ ندارد ⊗

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23. Degree of relationship between two variables is determined by use of ..... studies.

- a. developmental      b. experimental      c. correlational      d. longitudinal

24. If some requirements of the experimental method are not met, a ..... method is used by the researcher.

- a. Pre-experimental      b. Quasi-experimental      c. Descriptive      d. True experimental

25. A representative sample can be obtained only by ..... in research.

- a. Sampling      b. Randomization      c. Treatment      d. Pre-test

26. To guarantee the relationship between dependent and independent variables, the researcher needs to investigate ..... in research.

- a. Internal validity      b. External validity      c. Placebo      d. Treatment

27. When a teacher intends to test the efficiency of two methods in his/her classes, ..... is recommended.

- a. One shot case study      b. Intact group study  
c. Correlational study      d. One group pretest posttest

28. Causal-comparative is a subcategory of ..... research.

- a. Developmental      b. Survey      c. Interrelational      d. Experimental

29. A main criticism against case studies is their .....

- a. Generalizability      b. Practicality      c. Manipulation      d. contextualization

30. A main shortcoming of causal-comparative research is ..... by the researchers.

- a. Lack of control      b. Absolute certainty      c. Facilities needed      d. Insufficient sample