

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: —

نام درس: اصول و روش تحقیق (۲)

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیسی-جبرانی ارشد (۱۲۱۲۰۹۱)- زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی (۱۲۱۲۱۳۲) زمان آزمون: تستی: ۵۰ تشریحی: — دقیقه

آزمون نمره منفی دارد ○ ندارد ⊗

منبع: اصول و روش تحقیق ۱ و ۲ (آزمایشی)

فرهادی-پیام نور-صفحات ۲۰۳ تا پایان ۲۸۶

مجاز است.

استفاده از: —

کد سری سؤال: یک (۱)

پی امیر اعظم (ص): روزه سپر آتش جهنم است.

1. Those researchers intending to generalize their research findings are primarily concerned with.....

- a. descriptive statistics                      b. statistics  
c. parameters                                      d. z scores

2. The probability of Arshia obtaining 20 in a test (the mean 15 and SD 5) is around ..... percent.

- a.3                                      b.16                                      c.50                                      d.47

3. Of all data, the most comprehensive type of data is .....

- a. Interval                                      b. Ordinal                                      c. Nominal                                      d. categorical

4. The main shortcoming of absolute frequency is that ..... is (are) not taken into account in it.

- a. Simple frequency                      b. The mean                                      c. Total scores                                      d. The SD

5. Lack of precision is the main shortcoming of ..... data.

- a. Qualitative                                      b. Quantitative                                      c. Population                                      d. Sample

6. In case a researcher selects participants based on the percentage of behavior available in the population, she applies ..... sampling.

- a. Cluster                                      b. Simple random                                      c. Stratified                                      d. Systematic

7. The characteristics of a sample are called .....

- a. statistic                                      b. parameter                                      c. probability                                      d. significance

8. To compare scores from different distributions we should calculate .....

- a. row scores                                      b. SEM                                      c. standard scores                                      d. SD and variance

9. Concerning ethics in research, ..... implies not to reveal respondent's identifications.

- a. privacy                                      b. confidentiality                                      c. ethnicity                                      d. anonymity

10. To test a hypothesis, the T-table is used to determine .....

- a. t-critical                                      b. t-observed                                      c. level of significance                                      d. degree of freedom

**کُد سری سؤال: یک (۱)**

d.20

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21. The interpretation of research findings should be introduced in the ..... section of a research.

- a. Conclusion      b. Result      c. Discussion      d. Design

22. Knowing that TOEFL has a mean of 500 and a SD of 100, Arshia whose z score is +1 will have a score of .....

- a. 400      b. 600      c. 700      d. 500

23. The z value in a directional hypothesis is .....

- a. negative      b. positive  
c. more negative than positive      d. positive or negative

24. How many sections are usually specified in an abstract?

- a. 4      b. 5      c. 6      d. 7

25. The level of significance is necessary to specify .....

- a. the extent of error      b. probability  
c. standard error of the means      d. standard deviation of the means

26. In a Z distribution, the mean of the z scores is supposed to be .....

- a. -1      b. +1      c. 0      d. 50

27. Z scores can be obtained from the ..... and vice versa.

- a. SD      b. mean      c. variance      d. percentile rank

28. If most of the scores are low and few are high, we will most probably have a ..... distribution.

- a. normal      b. flat      c. positively skewed      d. negatively skewed

29. In a non-normal distribution, the useful central tendency is the .....

- a. Median      b. Range      c. Mean      d. Variance

30. In hypothesis testing, to reject a null hypothesis, .....

- a. The t-critical should be larger than t-observed  
b. the t-observed should be larger than t-critical  
c. the level of significance should be .05  
d. the level of significance should be .01